



FrOSCon 2009

From PBA To Login

Improving The Full-Disk-Encryption Experience For Linux

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Introduction

- Jürgen Pabel
 - Consultant for IT-Security (CISSP)
 - Various Open-Source Activities
 - Rugby
- Akkaya Consulting GmbH
 - IT-Consulting
 - Medical Software

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Agenda

- Overview
 - Data-At-Rest Security For Linux
 - LUKS & dm-crypt
 - Implications of the LUKS design
- TokenTube: Integrating the PBA with PAM
 - Concepts, Components & Features
 - Debian/Ubuntu Integration
 - Live Demo
 - To-Dos



Data-At-Rest Security For Linux

- File encryption
 - GnuPG
- Cryptographic filesystems
 - EncFS
- Device encryption
 - loop-aes
 - dm-crypt
 - Cryptographic computation in kernel space
 - Key management not included



Linux Unified Key Setup (LUKS)

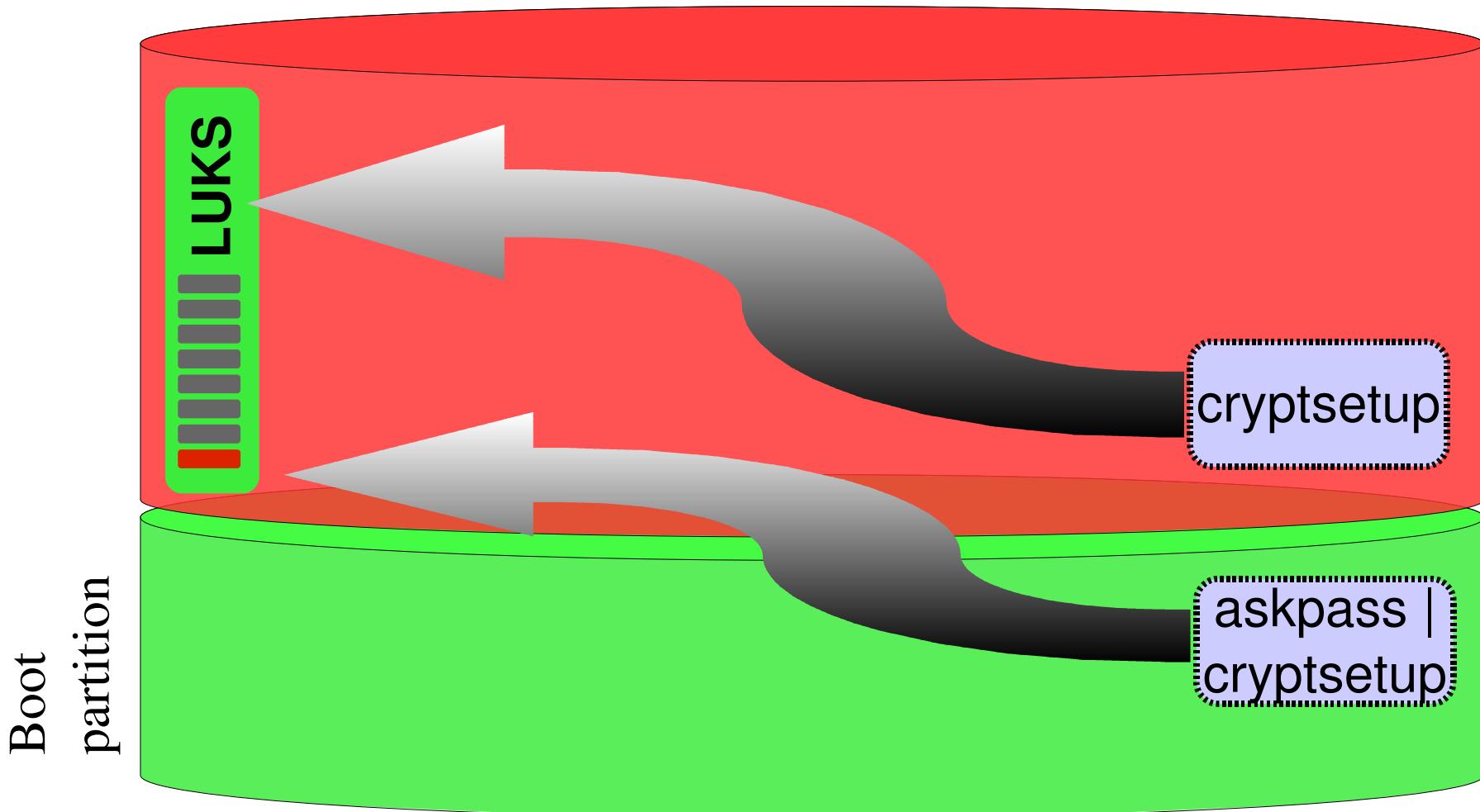
- Platform independent on-disk layout specification
 - Encryption cipher (& mode)
 - Digest of master key
 - 8 key slots
- Attack-resilient key management
 - Randomly chosen number of iterations on key
 - Anti-Forensic Information-Splitting
- LUKS tool: cryptsetup



LUKS/dm-crypt: System Startup

- Kernel startup
- Initramfs
 - Pre-Boot-Authentication
 - Debian/Ubuntu: askpass | cryptsetup
 - pivot_root
- System startup
 - *Some other magic happens here...*
 - Console/Desktop login

LUKS/dm-crypt Visualized





LUKS/dm-crypt: Status Quo

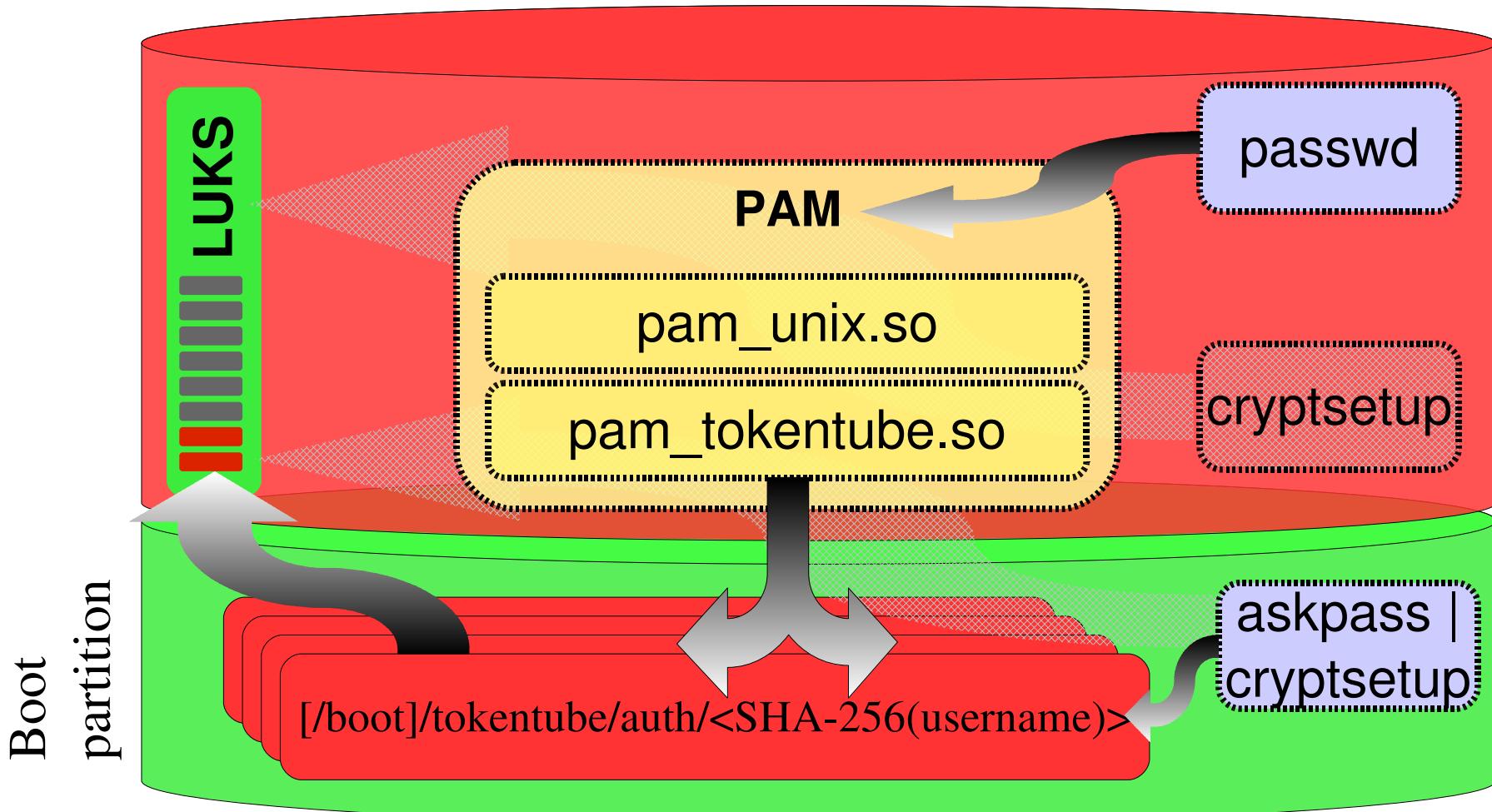
- The good
 - Ability to use a really strong encryption password
- The bad
 - Who actually uses truly strong passwords for encryption?
- The ugly
 - It actually impedes a wider deployment of LUKS/dm-crypt



TokenTube

- Per-user authentication file in /boot/tokentube/auth/
 - Encrypted with user's login password
 - Contains the keyfile for unlocking a LUKS keyslot
- PAM module [sic]
 - Re-encrypts authentication file with user's new password
- PBA User Authenticator („askpass“)
 - Locate user's auth file on boot device
 - Decrypt user's auth file using login password
 - Print decrypted key to stdout (piped into cryptsetup)

TokenTube Visualized





Authentication Files

- **Filesystem**
 - /boot/tokentube/auth/
 - Filename → SHA-256(username)
 - Encrypted with user's password
- **Data structure**
 - 32 bytes → LUKS master key
 - 32 bytes → SHA-256(UUID of device containing root filesystem)



Configuration Files

- Initramfs
 - /etc/tokentube/boot.conf
 - Contains name of boot device (/dev/disks/by-uuid/...)
- Filesystem
 - /boot/tokentube/askpass.conf
 - Language resources for prompts
 - Default username
 - Credential-caching daemon
 - /etc/tokentube/luks.key (optional)
 - TokenTube master key for LUKS



askpass (Debian/Ubuntu)

- Load configuration
 - Obtain boot device from initramfs (/etc/tokentube/boot.conf)
 - Read configuration file from boot device (e2fslibs)
- Prompt for username & password
 - Leave username empty for „native“ LUKS key
- Unlock TokenTube master key for LUKS
 - Load user's auth file from boot device (e2fslibs)
 - Decrypt key from auth file with user password
 - Print key to stdout (piped into cryptsetup)



Credential-Caching Daemon

- In a nutshell
 - Open a UNIX socket for communication
 - Receive user credentials from askpass for caching
 - Send user credentials to GDM/KDM greeter
- Security
 - Prevent swapping of memory pages (mlockall)
 - Prevent others from tracing it (PTRACE_TRACE_ME)
 - Identify the connecting process (SO_PEERCREDS)
 - „Hide“ user credentials among random data in memory



Challenge-Response Recovery

- User experience
 - User enters C/R initiator string as username („#helpdesk“)
 - Randomly generated Challenge-Code is displayed
 - User enters Response-Code (provided by helpdesk)
- Perfect Forward Secrecy
 - $\text{Key}_{\text{file}} = \text{Challenge} \oplus \text{Response} \oplus \text{Secret}$
 - $\text{Secret} = \text{MD5}(\text{Key}_{\text{luks}})^n \rightarrow n \text{ decrements per C/R}$
 - $\text{Key}_{\text{luks}} = \text{AES}_{\text{decrypt}}(\text{"helpdesk.key"}, \text{Key}_{\text{file}})$



Debian/Ubuntu Integration

- Pre-Boot-Authentication
 - Enhanced version of „askpass“
- System
 - Update initramfs
 - TokenTube binaries
 - Configuration file with device name of boot device
 - Configure PAM integration (pam-auth-update)
- Debian-Installer
 - partman-crypto
 - user-setup



Live Demo

- Ubuntu 9.04
 - /dev/sda1 Encrypted root filesystem
 - /dev/sda5 Boot partition
- Presented functionality
 - Installation and configuration (if time permits)
 - Pre-Boot-Authentication
 - GNOME automatic user login
 - Change user password



To-Do List (1/2)

- TokenTube binary & library
 - Code clean-up
- PAM
 - Establish preferred PAM configuration directives
- GNOME / KDE Greeter
 - Correctly implement GDM conversation
 - Implement GDM conversation logic for GNOME >= 2.21
 - Implement KDE conversation



To-Do List (2/2)

- Pre-Boot-Authentication
 - Challenge-Response
 - Integration for non-Debian based distributions
- Helpdesk Frontends
 - Command line
 - Web application



URLs

- SourceForge (mailing list, issue tracker, ...)
 - <http://sf.net/projects/tokentube/>
- Ubuntu PPA
 - <https://launchpad.net/~jpabel/+archive/ppa>
- My Ramblings
 - <http://blog.akkaya.de/jpabel/>
 - <http://twitter.com/juergenpabel/>



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Thank you for your attention.

Please ask questions!

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